# United States Highway 74 Corridor Study, Mecklenburg and Union Counties, NC Commercial Motor Vehicle (Heavy Truck) Crashes, 2001 through 2003 

This study, completed in April, 2004, presents map sheets and selected tabular data representing heavy truck crashes along a specified corridor of US Highway 74 in Mecklenburg and Union Counties in North Carolina between January 1, 2001 and December 31, 2003.

Data sources: crash data is compiled by NCDOT/DMV and UNC-Chapel Hill's Highway Safety Research Center. Reference data, used to geolocate crashes in a GIS system, is provided primarily by NCDOT. Other reference sources may be used, such as street/road data provided by local governments.

Document organization: this document has five sections. Each of the first four sections begins with an overview map of the 74 corridor, crash locations, and other related features followed by three Focus Maps of sections of the corridor with increased detail and resolution, and ending with a statistical report of selected data. The first of these four sections presents data for all three years combined. Each of the three succeeding sections presents data for a specific year (2001 through 2003, in that order). The final section consists of a full-corridor map showing per-mile crash rates along sections of the corridor for the three years combined.

The corridor: the corridor consists of Highway 74 itself and a half-mile buffer on either side. In some northwestern parts of the corridor, Highway 74 shares the roadway with other routes. The northwesternmost end of the corridor study area is at the Mecklenberg-Gaston County line. The corridor ends at the Union-Anson County line. All reported heavy truck crashes located within this described area are included in this study. The great majority of the total 879 crashes over the three years in this corridor occurred on Highway 74 itself.

Crash rates: per-mile crash rates in the corridor are calculated (and represented) in two ways. In the first, the total beginning-to-end "straight-line" length of the corridor was calculated, regardless of whether the roadway in any particular place is divided. Then all crashes located within 125 feet of Highway 74 itself were identified and totaled ( $\mathrm{n}=592$ ). This number of crashes was divided by length of the corridor to find an overall crash per-mile rate. In this "straight line" method, the crash rate for the corridor was 12.25 crashes per mile.

In the second calculation, sections where the highway is divided were treated as two roads and a total "linear" length of the corridor was calculated. The same process was then followed to find a per-mile crash rate. In this "linear" method, the crash rate for the corridor was 6.43 crashes per mile.

Next, the corridor was divided into eleven logical sections, with breaks at major intersecting roads. Each of these sections was measured and the two methods just described were applied to each section to find average crash per mile rates for the sections.

On the map, crash rates using the "straight line" method are presented with blue numbers, below the line in each section; crash rates using the "linear" method are shown with red numbers, above the line in each section. Each section is also color-coded relative to its crash rate.






















